As part of its mission, Wayne State University continually strives to reach the highest standards of excellence in ensuring the safety of all who comprise the university community. Our law enforcement professionals work around the clock to ensure a pleasant and user-friendly campus for our students, faculty, staff and visitors.

Whether in patrol cars, on mountain bikes or behind desks, the 60 dedicated men and women of the Wayne State University Police Department (WSUPD) handle all police, criminal and safety matters on our campus. The department’s members seek to vigorously and faithfully enforce the law with uncompromised integrity and without bias, and to provide community-oriented services with efficiency, professionalism and courtesy. Our full-service department is available to the university community 24 hours a day, seven days a week and 365 days a year.

Although safety is our top priority, we cannot accomplish it alone. At Wayne State, we use a community approach to law enforcement, recognizing that strong partnerships between police and the campus community enable us to do the best possible job of protecting people and property.

In compliance with the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act, commonly known as the Clery Act, the university is publishing this document to provide its students, faculty and staff with an overview of our public safety resources, policies and procedures. This report is intended to fulfill that requirement and is divided into two sections: Section A. Annual Security Report; and Section B. Annual Fire Safety Report.

This document is posted on the WSUPD website, police.wayne.edu; on the Dean of Students website, doso.wayne.edu; and on the Office of the General Counsel website, generalcounsel.wayne.edu. A hard copy of this report can be downloaded from any of these websites.

The university also reports the annual crime statistics contained in this report to the U.S. Department of Education. A searchable database containing those statistics can be found at ope.ed.gov/security.

Campus crime statistics included in this report are gathered from a variety of sources, including campus and local law enforcement agencies and campus officials with significant responsibility for student and campus activities.

Please take a few moments to carefully read this report. It also provides information on how you can take an active role in preventing crime and increasing your safety and security while on campus.

M. Roy Wilson, President

A. ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT

The Annual Security Report is divided into these areas:

- A question and answer section on safety and security issues, where to report incidents, timely warnings and emergency notifications, and available safety programs.
- A summary of Michigan laws as they pertain to drug and alcohol abuse.
- The Wayne State policy on drugs and alcohol.
- Suspension of eligibility for financial aid for drug-related offenses.
- The Wayne State policies on sex discrimination, harassment and assault, and workplace violence and where to report incidents.
- A summary of victim support services.
- A summary of resources for reporting sex discrimination, sexual harassment or assault, dating/relationship violence or stalking. This includes the procedures Wayne State will follow in response to such reports.
- A summary of Wayne State emergency response and evacuation procedures.
- A summary of Wayne State missing student notification policy.
1. Does Wayne State have its own police force?
Yes. Since its establishment in 1966, the WSUPD has endeavored to provide a safe and secure environment for the entire university community. The department provides a full range of professional police services to both the main and medical center campuses as well as the surrounding neighborhoods. Our sworn officers are responsible for patrolling the campus and surrounding areas 365 days a year. A group of civilian cadets (11) act as eyes and ears for our police officers by way of conducting uniformed foot patrols in and around our main campus.

Each officer has at least a bachelor’s degree and many have advanced degrees. Nearly half of our police officers are Wayne State graduates. Each officer also completes an intensive training course at a state-certified police academy, followed by a demanding 13-week program at Wayne State. Refresher courses and additional training also keep officers current with the latest practices in their profession.

All WSU police officers are fully licensed through the Michigan Commission on Law Enforcement Standards (MCOLES). All officers are sworn peace officers commissioned under state law, and each officer has also been commissioned as a Detroit Police officer. Officers are empowered to enforce all federal and state laws including the Michigan Motor Vehicle Code and City of Detroit Ordinances, both on and off the campus. As sworn police officers, they are authorized to investigate, arrest or take any other necessary action to address any criminal or other public infraction in the vicinity of the WSU campus. WSU police officers work very closely with the Detroit Police Department, Wayne County Sheriff’s Department, the Michigan State Police and federal law enforcement authorities.

2. What should I do if I’m the victim of a crime or if I witness a crime? Whom do I contact in an emergency?
If you are a victim of a crime or a witness to one, or if you need to report a fire, medical, or other emergency, call the WSUPD at 313-577-2222. The Police non-emergency number is 313-577-6057. Criminal activity or any significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus should be reported to the WSUPD immediately at 313-577-2222. Our police dispatch center is fully equipped to handle and coordinate all emergencies and is prepared to seek appropriate assistance from other university officials, such as Environmental Health and Safety, the National Response Center and the University Health Center, depending on the type of emergency involved.

If you are the victim of a sexual assault, sexual violence, dating/relationship violence or stalking, or if you witness a sexual assault, sexual violence, dating/relationship violence or stalking, you should immediately notify the WSUPD at 313-577-2222. Our police will investigate for potential criminal charges and will report the incident to the Title IX Coordinator at 313-577-2280 or the Title IX Deputy Coordinator at 313-577-1010. The Title IX Coordinator will contact you about your right to file administrative charges under the Student Code of Conduct (if the perpetrator is a student) or under the Discrimination and Harassment Complaint Process through OEO (if the perpetrator is an employee).

If you don’t have access to a cell phone or landline, there are 330 illuminated “blue light” emergency phones located around campus, its perimeter and in its parking facilities. The phones are mounted on kiosks or attached to building walls. Once the receiver of the phone is picked up, the blue light begins flashing, enabling WSU police officers to see the light from two to three blocks away. The phones also allow police communication personnel to pinpoint the caller’s location immediately. They are programmed to dial directly to WSUPD with the touch of a single button. The communication center is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week to receive both emergency and non-emergency requests for service. WSUPD is located at 6050 Cass.

When responding to reports of criminal activity or any significant emergency or dangerous situation, WSUPD begins by documenting and investigating the situation, apprehending perpetrators when possible, and arranging for emergency responses from other agencies, such as the fire department or an emergency medical service. Please do NOT call 911 because calls to 911 do not go to the WSU Police. They go directly to the Detroit Police Department, Detroit Fire Department and Emergency Medical Services, whose responders are not intimately familiar with the campus. Our WSUPD officers are well-acquainted with our campus and can respond much more quickly to campus-related emergencies.

3. How does WSU communicate with the campus? How does the WSUPD give Emergency Notifications and Timely Warnings as required under the Clery Act?
The university gives Emergency Notifications to the campus upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of individuals occurring on campus. This is intended to ensure that students and staff receive notification of a broader set of emergency situations on campus, such as an active shooter, a bomb threat, gas leaks, a tornado or similar situations involving active and palpable threats. The chief of police, with the advice and assistance of members of the WSU Crisis Management Team, will determine when an Emergency Notification is required. Emergency Notifications are given by text message, by email, and by other means to all students, faculty and staff by the WSUPD upon confirmation of an immediate threat to the health or safety of individuals on campus.

The university gives Timely Warnings to the campus community when certain crimes occur that pose a continuing risk to the safety of the campus community. Timely Warnings are given in emails, text messages and via
QUESTIONS and ANSWERS on Safety and Security Issues

other means to students, faculty and staff as soon as reasonably possible after the occurrence of the crime; they alert individuals to the potential that subsequent similar crimes could occur and permit the campus community to better protect themselves. The WSUPD, under the direction of the chief of police, is responsible for making these Timely Warnings. The decision on the need for a Timely Warning will be made by the WSUPD on a case-by-case basis in light of all facts surrounding a crime, including factors such as the nature of the crime, the continuing danger to the campus community, the accuracy of reported information and the possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts. Every attempt will be made to ensure these notices are substantively accurate and specific enough to be helpful.

To receive these messages by text or instant messages, you may register in the Broadcast Message System at computing.wayne.edu/broadcast.

Both the Emergency Notifications and the Timely Warnings are posted on the WSUPD website at police.wayne.edu. The WSUPD will also provide periodic updates to these warning notices as necessary.

Each time the WSUPD sends an Emergency Notification or Timely Warning to the campus community, it reminds students, faculty and staff of prevention and attitude tips, such as be aware of your surroundings, notice other people, trust your instincts, and assess your own vulnerability.

The WSUPD also emails a monthly crime report called “Campus Watch” to all students, faculty and staff. Campus Watch lists the number of reported incidents for the previous month and includes information on homicide, sex offenses (forcible and non-forcible), robbery, aggravated assault, breaking and entering, larceny (theft of personal property), vehicle theft, and arson. WSU’s annual crime statistics are listed in this Clery Report, which is published in the fall. These statistics include crimes in the 12 Clery-reportable offenses shown below. The information for this report comes from WSUPD and reflects information reported to the police and by Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) in and immediately around campus. (CSAs are employees with significant responsibility for student and campus activities, such as residential advisors, Dean of Students Office staff, athletic director and team coaches).

The statistics for the past three years are in the chart below.

4. How are campus facilities, including university apartments and residence halls, kept safe and secure? Who has access to these buildings?

In general, university buildings, such as classroom and office buildings, are open during normal business and class times and locked and closed at the end of the day. Laboratories and research facilities,
which require greater security, have intrusion alarms and card-access systems. Police officers and cadets patrol university buildings and facilities during and after business hours and regularly make building checks.

Wayne State has taken numerous steps to ensure the safety of our growing on-campus residential population. Currently, there are approximately 3,200 residents living in three apartment facilities and three residence halls on campus. All residential buildings are locked 24 hours a day and require a card or key for entry. All housing facilities have a staffed 24-hour reception desk. In addition, a key is required for admittance to individual rooms and apartments. Each day, on-call duty staff tour the buildings and respond to issues and resident concerns. University police also routinely walk through all housing facilities.

Visitors at the residence halls and apartments must submit a Wayne State OneCard, driver’s license or state identification card to receive a pass with a bar code. Once they leave the premises, they are removed from an internal tracking system that enables housing personnel to determine who is in the building.

ARRESTS AND REFEREALS FOR INTERNAL DISCIPLINE

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CAMPUS STUDENT HOUSING

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PUBLIC PROPERTY

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HATE CRIMES

There were no hate crimes reported on the main campus or extension campuses in any of the reportable areas of crime.

Each year the university publishes Community Living Guides for the Residence Halls and Apartments. The guides contain detailed information about residence hall and apartment policies, services and amenities; check-in and check-out procedures; safety, security and emergency procedures; personal emergency planning and policies; procedures; and general information. These guides also contain a listing of important phone numbers. They can be accessed online at: housing.wayne.edu/forms-policies.php or at doso.wayne.edu.

5. What about lighting and maintenance issues that affect campus safety?

Outside lighting and landscaping is designed for pedestrian safety and security. Sidewalks provide well-traveled and lighted routes from parking areas to buildings and from building to building. Areas across campus are routinely surveyed to ensure they are well-lit and that burned-out lights are promptly replaced. WSUPD urges the university community to contact them at 313-577-6057 if they see an area in need of additional or replacement lighting. Landscape personnel regularly trim shrubbery around sidewalks, buildings and entrances to maximize visibility and eliminate areas where someone could hide. In terms of building security, exterior doors are locked electronically by university personnel. WSUPD routinely check exterior doors to make sure they are locked.

Campus surface parking is designed and constructed to allow easy observation by those using the lots and structures, as well as maximum visibility for police officers and parking office personnel. Parking structures are routinely patrolled during normal operation hours and staffed by parking office personnel.

6. Are there any programs offered specifically for students and employees to help them better understand campus security procedures and proactive measures to protect themselves and prevent crime?

WSUPD routinely provides a wide array of presentations and programs designed to educate students and employees about security procedures and reporting and preventing crime and to help keep them safe. At the beginning of each academic semester, the Crime Prevention Section of the WSUPD sends an email to all students, staff and faculty about our campus and ways to stay safe. These emails discuss the following programs:

SAFEWALK PROGRAM. If anyone at any time feels uneasy about walking on campus, simply call WSUPD at 313-577-2222 and request the SafeWalk service. The police will dispatch a uniformed and radio-equipped cadet to walk with you to your destination. If a cadet is not available, the police will dispatch a patrol officer to provide the service. Please note that our police cannot provide SafeWalks on a regular, daily or by appointment basis.

RAPE AGGRESSION DEFENSE (RAD) COURSES. The WSUPD conducts these courses on a monthly basis during the academic year. This is a program of realistic self-defense tactics and techniques for women. A separate program is offered for men. It covers awareness, prevention, risk reduction and
avoidance and progresses to the basics of hands-on self defense. This program is a 13-hour self-defense course for women that has been internationally recognized as an effective and easy-to-learn personal safety tool.

BE PREPARED: SURVIVING AN ACTIVE SHOOTER INCIDENT. This course is available to all students, faculty and staff online through the Blackboard system.

STREET SMARTS – HOW TO AVOID BEING A VICTIM. The WSUPD provide these personal safety seminars for a variety of student groups and organizations. These seminars provide easy to use, real-world, common-sense personal safety tips for use in a wide variety of situations. Each seminar is 90 minutes and a video by a (now former) Chicago detective addresses a number of everyday life situations and how the criminal looks for the most vulnerable victim.

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (VIN) ETCHING SESSIONS. The WSUPD hosts bimonthly Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) etching sessions. This service is FREE to employees and students. Using a mild acid paste and computer-cut stencils, VIN etching consists of cleanly, professionally, permanently and discreetly etching your car or truck VIN on six of your vehicle windows as a method of discouraging vehicle theft. Once a thief sees that your car is etched, they realize the etched windows will have to be replaced to match the bogus VIN plate they have installed on your retagged car. This makes the theft of your vehicle cost prohibitive.

CLUB STEERING WHEEL LOCK PROGRAM. In attempt to reduce your chances of becoming an auto theft victim anywhere in Michigan, WSUPD will provide to any student, staff or faculty member a steering wheel lock at the discounted price of $13. A Club bike lock is now available for $15.

ORIENTATION. The WSUPD also provide awareness and action programs each year at orientation to freshmen and their parents, transfer students, incoming international students, and new and continuing employees. Brochures and other printed materials are also available on topics such as self-protection, sexual assault, emergency phones and maximizing security of property, computers, offices, vehicles and bicycles.

NON-POLICE PROGRAMS. In addition to what the WSUPD provide each year, WSU also provides the following programs/ brochures for its faculty, staff and students:

CHILD SAFETY TRAINING PROGRAM. This program is designed to increase employees’ awareness about common signs of physical and sexual abuse and bullying of minors. There is significant emphasis on whom to call if one suspects abuse and/or bullying. This program is administered by the Office of Internal Audit and targets all groups or individuals who may come in contact with minors on campus.

ONLINE TRAINING MODULE FOR STUDENTS — The topic of sexual misconduct and Title IX is introduced at all student and parent orientations, and students are encouraged to take an online training module specifically geared to college students. It is called Understanding Sexual Harassment and Sexual Assault, and it consists of 16 questions and two scenarios, plus a resource page. It can be accessed at: titleIXtraining.wayne.edu. Anyone with an AccessID can take this training module.

TITLE IX POWERPOINTS FOR FACULTY & STAFF — The university has begun to do training on sexual misconduct and Title IX through use of a PowerPoint to select groups such as the administrative staff of the various schools/colleges, chairs, advisors, administrative staff/ coaches in athletics, and residence hall and apartment staff.

BROCHURE/RESOURCE GUIDE FOR FACULTY & STAFF — This brochure covers the most salient points about sexual misconduct, such as reporting, where to report, understanding the concepts, and where to get help. It has been made available to all faculty and staff at the beginning of the 2014 academic year.

NO ZEBRAS. NO EXCUSES — Live presentation on bystander intervention. This live presentation was presented to the campus community in early September 2014.

SEXUAL ASSAULT/HARASSMENT PREVENTION & AWARENESS. This training program is available to all employees through the Organization & Employee Development (OED) section of the Human Resources website.

7. What does WSU do to make its students aware of resources for keeping themselves safe?

At the beginning of each school year, the Dean of Students sends the following information, by email, to all students:

Enroll in the Broadcast Message System, Wayne State’s emergency notification system, which uses texts, instant messages and emails to alert you of a campus emergency at: computing.wayne.edu/broadcast.

Notification of cancellation of classes will be posted on the university’s main Web page at wayne.edu. Those who have signed up for the Broadcast Message System will also receive notification through text, instant message or email.

Note: To sign up for the Broadcast Message System, go to broadcast.wayne.edu and follow the simple instructions. Local television and radio broadcasts also provide information on university closures.

Program the WSUPD number 313-577-2222 into your cell phone. You can call the Communications Center of the WSUPD 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and 365 days a year for any emergency, including fire and health emergencies.

For more resources on staying safe go to: police.wayne.edu/campus_watch.php.

Put together a personal preparedness plan. We have developed a checklist to assist you. Go to: doso.wayne.edu/Student_Preparedness_Checklist.pdf.

Click on the link for Student Preparedness Checklist.

The university’s Missing Students Policy is located at: www.doso.wayne.edu/MISSING_STUDENTS_POLICY.docx.

Click the link for Missing Students Policy. If you reside on-campus, complete a missing student confidential contact form. Forms can be obtained at the front desk of your residence hall or university-owned apartment.

In emergency conditions, the Wayne State Crisis Management Team convenes to respond to the situation and disseminate timely information to the campus community. Wayne State has a rigorous crisis plan which is continually updated and revised. The university also
QUESTIONS and ANSWERS on Safety and Security Issues

Michigan and Federal Laws

Summary of Michigan and Federal Laws Pertaining to Drug and Alcohol Abuse and Possession and Sale

The unlawful manufacture, delivery or dispensation of a controlled substance or possession of a controlled substance with intent to manufacture or deliver the controlled substance, is a felony. The penalties for violating the law vary depending on the amount and nature of the drug. Penalties range from imprisonment, for large amounts of certain drugs, to not more than two years or a fine of more than $2,000 (or both), for others. The penalty for possession of large amounts of controlled substances also varies according to the amount and nature of the drug. Possession of large amounts of certain drugs may be punishable by life imprisonment. Possession of very small amounts of marijuana (less than 25 grams) is a misdemeanor punishable by up to one year in jail (or a fine of not more than $1,000 or both). Additional fines and imprisonment can be imposed for the delivery of drugs to a minor. Second and subsequent offenses are also punished by harsher fines. MCL 333.7401, et seq. Property used to transport controlled substances may be confiscated and forfeited to the state. MCL 333.7522.

A person driving under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by service to the community for a period of not less than 30 days and not more than 60 days, imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not less than $100, in addition to suspension of his or her driver’s license. Subsequent offenses carry additional fines and lengthier terms of imprisonment, as well as forfeiture of the right to drive. Also, causing a death or long-term incapacitating injury is a felony. MCL 257.625.

A person who is convicted of intoxication in a public place and acting in a manner that endangers the safety of another person or property is guilty of a misdemeanor. MCL 750.167

Any person who is convicted of intoxication is guilty of a misdemeanor. MCL 257.625

The federal government decides if and how a drug should be controlled. Psychoactive (mind-altering) chemicals are categorized according to Schedule I to V. This schedule designates if the drug can be prescribed by a physician and under what conditions. Penalties for the illegal sale or distribution of a drug are established using the designation of Schedule I to V.

Schedule I drugs have a high potential for abuse with no medical uses. Production of these drugs is controlled. Examples include CHB, heroin, methaqualone, all hallucinogens (except PCP, marijuana and hashish) and THC, which can also be a Schedule II drug, depending on its form.

Schedule II drugs have a high potential for abuse, but have some medical uses. Production of these drugs is controlled. Examples include opium, morphine, codeine, other narcotics, barbiturates, cocaine, amphetamines, PCP and oxycodone.

Federal criminal penalties for selling Schedule I and II drugs vary with the quantity of the drug and whether the individual has the drug for personal use or for sale. Criminal penalties are more severe if sale or use of the drug results in death, if use drug is tied to sexual assault, or for repeat offenses.

Federal penalties for Marijuana, Hashish and Hashish Oil, Schedule I Substances, are set forth in the attached Schedule A. Federal penalties for Marijuana, Hashish and Hashish Oil, Schedule I Substances, are set forth in the attached Schedule B.

Schedule III, IV and V drugs include...
Michigan and Federal Laws

those most citizens would categorize as “prescription drugs.” Schedule III drugs have some potential for abuse but less than those on Schedules I and II. The potential for abuse of Schedule IV drugs is less than those on Schedule III, and the potential for abuse of Schedule V drugs is less than those on Schedule IV. All Schedule III to V drugs have medical uses and their production is not controlled. Examples of these drugs include some narcotics, barbiturates, depressants, amphetamines and other stimulants. Penalties for sale of these drugs depend on whether it is a first offense or repeated offense. See Schedule A.

Health Risks and Medical Consequences of Alcohol and Drug Abuse

For the user, abuse of alcohol and illegal drugs presents significant health risks and medical consequences:

- Addiction to alcohol or other drugs is a progressive disease, which, if untreated, can be fatal.
- Alcohol abuse can result in liver damage and disease, gastrointestinal problems and brain damage.
- Abuse of alcohol and marijuana during puberty can cause imbalance of sex hormones, resulting in reduced muscle mass and shrinkage of testicles in males, and menstrual difficulties and infertility in females.
- Marijuana is psychologically addicting and can contribute to short-term memory problems.
- Long-term use of stimulants (uppers, including speed, crack, methyl, crystal, etc.) may cause permanent damage to the brain, heart, lungs, and other organs.
- The use of cocaine and amphetamines can result in heart attacks; people who lack an enzyme called pseudo cholinesterase in their bodies can die from a single minute dose of cocaine.
- Inhalants (poppers, rush, laughing gas, sniffing of glue or paint thinner, etc.) may cause mental confusion, mood swings, delusions, or hallucinations.
- The use of hallucinogens, especially PCP (angel dust), can result in an irreversible drug-induced psychotic state and/or delusions of omnipotence, which can trigger life-threatening behavior.
- Depressants (downers, ludes, reds, 714s, barbs) greatly increase the risk of accidents and automobile crashes because they affect vision, judgment, coordination and other physical skills.
- Intravenous drug users (users of heroin and other opiates) risk infection by diseases such as hepatitis and Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) from sharing needles.

University Policies

University Policy on Drugs and Alcohol

The university’s full policy on Drug And Alcohol Abuse On Campus is set forth on the Board of Governors’ website at bog.wayne.edu/code/2_20_04.php.

As outlined more fully in that policy, WSU is committed to providing a drug-free environment for its faculty, staff and students. The unlawful possession, use, distribution, dispensation, sale or manufacture of drugs or alcohol is prohibited on university premises, at university activities and at university work sites.

Any employee or student employee who is convicted of a criminal drug-related offense occurring at the workplace is subject to appropriate employee discipline, in accordance with established university policies and collective bargaining agreements, and may be required to participate satisfactorily in a drug abuse or rehabilitation program as a condition of continued employment.

Any student or employee who, while on university premises or at any university activity, engages in the unlawful possession, sale, manufacture, distribution or use of drugs or alcohol shall be subject to appropriate sanctions, in accordance with established university policies and collective bargaining agreements, and in conformity with local, state and federal law, and the Student Code of Conduct. Appropriate sanctions may include expulsion or termination. A student or employee who is found to have violated this policy may be required to participate in a drug or alcohol treatment program as a condition of further employment or enrollment.

All faculty, staff and students must abide by the terms of the board policy as a condition of employment or enrollment at the university. Any faculty or staff member who is engaged in the performance of a federal grant or contract, and who is convicted of a criminal drug-related offense that occurred at the workplace, must notify his or her supervisor within five (5) days of the conviction. The university is required by law to notify federal grantor agencies of such convictions within 10 days after it receives such notice. For purposes of this policy, a conviction includes a plea of guilty or of nolo contendere.

The university encourages employees and students who may have substance abuse problems to seek professional advice and treatment. Wayne State University employees may obtain confidential assistance through the Wayne State University Employee Assistance Program.
University Policies

SUSPENSION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL AID FOR DRUG-RELATED OFFENSES

Federal law provides that a student who has been convicted of an offense under any federal or state law involving the possession or sale of a controlled substance shall not be eligible to receive any grant, loan or work assistance during the period beginning on the date of such conviction and ending after the interval specified in the following table:

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<tr>
<td>Third offense</td>
<td>Indefinite</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A student whose eligibility has been suspended based on a conviction for possession or sale of a controlled substance may resume eligibility before the end of the ineligibility period if:

A. The student satisfactorily completes a drug rehabilitation program that:
   1. complies with the criteria prescribed in the federal regulations; and
   2. includes two unannounced drug tests;

B. The student successfully passes two unannounced drug tests conducted by a drug rehabilitation program that complies with the criteria prescribed in the federal regulations; or

C. The conviction is reversed, set aside or otherwise rendered nugatory.

University Policies on Sex Discrimination, Harassment and Assault: Where to Report

Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 is a federal law that prohibits sex discrimination in education. Sex discrimination includes sexual harassment and sexual assault.

While this law is often thought of as a law that applies to athletics programs, Title IX is much broader than athletics and applies to all areas of the university. The Title IX Coordinator for WSU is the director of our Office of Equal Opportunity, who can be reached at 313-577-2280; eb6450@wayne.edu. The Deputy Title IX Coordinator for WSU is the Dean of Students, who can be reached at 313-577-1010; ak3096@wayne.edu. Reports can be made to either individual.

WSU’s sexual discrimination, sexual harassment and sexual assault policies apply to all faculty, staff and students. They can be found at these websites:

doso.wayne.edu/student-conduct-services.html
provost.wayne.edu/add to provost
under resources

WSU’s complaint process for any sexual misconduct matters can be found at oeo.wayne.edu/policies.php.

It is the purpose of these policies to assure the fullest possible awareness of WSU’s stand on sex discrimination, harassment and assault and to confirm and regularize WSU’s procedures regarding these matters.

Definitions

Sexual assault includes, but is not necessarily limited to, any of the following:

Any intentional, non-consensual, unwelcome physical contact or threat of unwelcome physical contact or attempt thereof, of: (a) an intimate body part of another person, such as a sexual organ; (b) any body part of another person with one's sexual organs; (c) any part of another person's body with the intent of accomplishing a sexual act; (d) unwanted, inappropriate disrobing of another person or purposeful exposure of one's genitals to another without the other's consent; (e) forcing, or attempting to force, any other person to engage in sexual activity of any kind without her or his consent; or (f) any behavior which is proscribed as “criminal sexual conduct” under the Michigan Penal Code, notwithstanding whether criminal charges have been brought against the individual alleged to have engaged in such behavior.

For purposes of this policy, consent shall not be deemed to have occurred if given by a person who is unable to make a reasoned judgment concerning the nature or harmfulness of the activity because of his or her intoxication, unconsciousness, mental deficiency or incapacity, or if the consent is a product of threat or coercion.

Sexual harassment is unwelcome sexual advances or other behavior of a sexual nature, when submission to such behavior is made a term or condition of a person's status: (a) as a student in a course or program; (b) as a student employee in the workplace; or (c) as an employee in the workplace.

Sexual harassment is also unwelcome behavior of a sexual nature that creates a hostile or abusive work/educational environment.

Sexual harassment is also unwelcome behavior of a sexual nature that is severe or persistent and interferes with an individual's work or performance in a course or program.

Dating/relationship violence, retaliation and stalking are also prohibited behavior under WSU’s sex discrimination, sexual harassment and sexual assault policies.

Sanctions

Students who engage in sex discrimination/harassment/assault are subject to university disciplinary action pursuant to the Student Code of Conduct, bog.wayne.edu/code/2_31_02.php, which provides for a full range of sanctions, up to and including expulsion. Any person may initiate charges against a student believed to have engaged in sex discrimination/harassment/assault by filing charges and providing information pertinent to the charge, with the Student Conduct Officer, at 313-577-1010 or as5732@wayne.edu. A charge/complaint
Employees who engage in sex discrimination/harassment/assault are subject to disciplinary action in accordance with the Personnel Manual for Non-Represented Employees or pursuant to applicable collective bargaining agreements. Any person may initiate charges against an employee believed to have violated any of the foregoing policies by contacting the Title IX Coordinator, who has primary responsibility for Title IX compliance with regard to both employees and students. Sanctions outlined above are not exclusive. The university reserves the right to pursue seek additional sanctions or report such behavior to appropriate authorities. Perpetrators may also be subject to civil or criminal prosecution.

Procedures that should be followed if a sex offense occurs

Deciding whether to pursue charges through the criminal justice system is an individual decision only the complainant can make. However, complainants of, or witnesses to, sexual discrimination/ harassment/assault are strongly urged and advised to immediately notify the WSUPD at 313-577-2222, so they can investigate and preserve evidence. Even if a person does not initially want to file criminal charges, s/he may change his/her mind later.

All administrative complaints will be promptly, reliably and fairly investigated through the Title IX Coordinator, or Title IX Deputy Coordinator. It is important to note that police investigations, while thorough and reliable, are not determinative of whether the offending conduct violates Title IX or any university policies.

WSU will provide the opportunity for both parties to present witnesses and other evidence. Both the complainant and the respondent will be afforded similar and timely access to any information that will be used at an investigative hearing. Written notification will be provided to the parties of the outcome of the investigation, hearing and/or appeal. In addition, WSU will take steps to prevent recurrence of any harassment and to correct its discriminatory effects on the complainant and others, if appropriate. Even if the complainant is not sure whether s/he wants to proceed with an administrative complaint, it is important to remember that WSU can provide helpful resources to any complainant of sexual discrimination/harassment/assault and can take interim measures to protect the complainant from any further contact with the respondent. Therefore, even if a complainant does not want to pursue criminal or administrative charges, s/he should still report and discuss the matter with the Title IX Coordinator or Deputy Coordinator.

University policies provide that these administrative investigations are independent of possible criminal action, and go forward even if a decision is made that the offending conduct is not criminal. The university resolves all Title IX disciplinary matters using the “preponderance of the evidence” standard (meaning it is more likely than not that sexual discrimination/harassment/assault occurred).

The university may need to temporarily delay the fact-finding portion of a Title IX investigation while the police are gathering evidence.

Special living and academic arrangements

The university will take any interim action (such as a no-contact order or interim suspension of the respondent) that may be needed to protect the complainant and/or the rest of the campus community. In addition, the university will ensure, where appropriate, that the complainant and the respondent do not attend the same classes or work in the same office and will provide academic support services, such as tutoring, to student complainants. Confidential counseling services are available to student complainants through CAPS (577-3398) and counseling services are available to employee complainants through Ulliance (1-800-44-8320).

If you feel it necessary to share the matter anonymously, you may do so through the Office of Internal Audit. Their anonymous hotline is 313-577-5138. You may also submit an anonymous tip on their website at internalaudit.wayne.edu/report.php. In addition, the WSUPD has an anonymous crime tip line, which can be accessed at wsupdis@wayne.edu.

If you are not sure whether to report an incident, please call the Office of the General Counsel for guidance at 313-577-2268.
University Policies

WSU’s Title IX Coordinator is the Director of OEO. 313-577-2280; eb6450@wayne.edu

WSU’s Title IX Deputy Coordinator is the Dean of Students 313-77-1010; ak3096@wayne.edu

Clery Act Bill of Rights
As with Title IX, the Campus Sexual Assault Victims’ Bill of Rights, which is part of the Jeanne Clery Act, affords victims of campus sexual harassment/assault reasonable academic and living accommodations, having the same opportunity as the accused to have others present during the disciplinary hearing and being notified of the outcome of the hearing.

These rights are intended to help a victim of sexual harassment/assault be able to deal with the assault while continuing her/his education.

Where appropriate and reasonably necessary for the ongoing security of a victim who resides in university housing, the Office of Housing and Residential Life will, upon request, provide alternative housing arrangements.

Where appropriate and reasonably necessary for the ongoing security of a victim who is or becomes enrolled in classes at the university, the dean or his/her designee from the school or college in which the student is or becomes enrolled will, upon request, provide alternative academic arrangements when feasible.

Where appropriate and reasonably necessary for the ongoing security of a victim who is a student employee of the university, the Office of Career Services will, upon request, coordinate an effort to locate and place the student in alternative employment.

Campus and Community Resources
Wayne State University and the broader community provide a variety of resources for victims of sex discrimination/harassment/assault/violence. These resources help victims find avenues for healing and options for justice. These resources include the following

University Resources
Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS)
552 Student Center Building
Detroit, MI 48202
313-577-3398
(two to enrolled students)

Campus Health Center
5200 Anthony Wayne Drive, Suite 115
Detroit, MI 48201
313-577-5041

WSU Police Department
6050 Cass
Detroit, MI 48202
313-577-2222

Office of Equal Opportunity
656 W. Kirby, Suite 4324 F/AB
Detroit, MI 48202
313-577-2280

Dean of Students Office
Student Conduct Officer
351 Student Center Building
Detroit, MI 48202
313-577-1010

Merrill-Palmer Skillman Institute
Counseling for Children
71 E. Ferry St.
Detroit, MI 48202
313-872-1790

University Ombudsperson
798 Student Center Building
Detroit, MI 48202
313-577-3487

WSU Psychology Clinic
60 Farnsworth
Detroit, MI 48202
313-577-2840

SUIT (Student Update and Information Team)
Dean of Students – Chairperson
313-577-1010
doso@wayne.edu

Anonymous Tip Lines
Office of Internal Audit
313-577-5138
internalaudit.wayne.edu/report.php
WSUPD
wsupdis@wayne.edu

University Ombudsman
920 W. Kirby St.
Detroit, MI 48202
313-833-1660

Detroit Receiving Hospital
4201 St. Antoine
Detroit, MI 48201
313-745-3300

HAVEN (Help against Violent encounters now)
LOCATION IS CONFIDENTIAL
Pontiac, MI 48343
Crisis line: 248-334-1274

Provides residential and nonresidential domestic violence and sexual abuse prevention and treatment services, including emergency shelter for adult victims and their children; court advocacy for victims of sexual assault and their families; support groups for domestic violence, rape and incest victims; counseling and parenting classes.

SEMARN (Southeast Michigan Anti-Rape Network)
4201 St. Antoine, Suite 6-F
Detroit, MI 48201
313-833-1660

(Crisis Intervention and Counseling)
A coalition of agencies in Calhoun, Genesee, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, Washtenaw and Wayne counties dedicated to the prevention and treatment of sexual assault, including information and referral services and emergency financial assistance for survivors of sexual assault who are clients of member agencies.

Turning Point
LOCATION IS CONFIDENTIAL
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 1123
Mount Clemens, MI 48046
586-463-4430 (administration)
586-463-6990 (24-hour crisis line)

Provides shelter and other support services for sexual assault victims and for spouse or partner abuse victims and their children; transportation for shelter residents to obtain needed services; limited financial assistance; child care services for shelter residents; individual and group counseling and legal assistance.

Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network (RAINN)
The nation’s largest anti-sexual-violence organization.
800-656-HOPE (4673)
RAINN.org
Suspension of eligibility for financial aid for drug-related offenses.

Federal law provides that a student who has been convicted of an offense under any federal or state law involving the possession or sale of a controlled substance shall not be eligible to receive any grant, loan or work assistance during the period beginning on the date of such conviction and ending after the interval specified in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Possession of a Controlled Substance</th>
<th>Ineligibility Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First offense</td>
<td>1 year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second offense</td>
<td>2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third offense</td>
<td>Indefinite</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sale of a Controlled Substance</th>
<th>Ineligibility Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Offense</td>
<td>2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second Offense</td>
<td>Indefinite</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A student whose eligibility has been suspended based on a conviction for possession or sale of a controlled substance may resume eligibility before the end of the ineligibility period if:

A. The student satisfactorily completes a drug rehabilitation program that:
   1. Complies with the criteria prescribed in the federal regulations
   2. Includes two unannounced drug tests

B. The student successfully passes two unannounced drug tests conducted by a drug rehabilitation program that complies with the criteria prescribed in the federal regulations

C. The conviction is reversed, set aside or otherwise rendered nugatory

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

WSU is at the forefront of disaster and emergency planning and preparation. WSU’s Crisis Management Team has a singular mission: to protect the population and resources of the campus in the event of the unthinkable. The team, led by the executive vice president and chief of staff, meets at least quarterly to ensure that plans are developed and up-to-date. In 2007, the team overhauled the university’s existing Crisis Management Plan. The revised all-hazards model, developed in conjunction with faculty experts on best practices, was recognized by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security. A similar plan exists for crisis communications and pandemic preparedness.

WSU’s Emergency Procedures are as follows:

For Police or Medical Emergency
- Call the WSU Police at 313-577-2222
  DO NOT CALL 911.

For Injuries/Exposures Requiring Medical Attention
- Call the WSU Police at 313-577-2222
  DO NOT CALL 911.

For Fires
- Call the WSU Police at 313-577-2222
  DO NOT CALL 911.
- Pull the closest fire alarm

For Hazardous Material Spills
- Call WSU Police at 313-577-2222
  DO NOT CALL 911.

If called, the dispatch officer will make the appropriate fire and/or medical rescue call and notify the shift commander, who will determine whether the chief of police should be notified.

In turn, the chief of police will make the initial assessment and contact the chief of staff, who will then implement additional proper response procedures. A critical part of this process is keeping key stakeholders, such as students, faculty and staff, and parents and families of students, faculty and staff informed.

Each university department has posted in a visible place the Wayne State University Emergency & Safety Procedures flip chart for immediate reference. This flip chart is also available online at the website of the Office of Risk Management (ORM) at risk.wayne.edu. These procedures are also listed on the WSUPD website, police.wayne.edu/procedures.php.

This color-coded flip chart has been developed by the ORM to assist WSU employees and students residing on campus in minimizing the negative effects from emergencies, disasters, accidents, injuries and crimes that can occur without warning at any time. It contains emergency phone numbers on the cover of the chart, and there are written procedures for the following:

- Civil Disturbance
- Water/Water Damage Loss
- Safety Procedures
- Tornado/Severe Weather
- Explosives
- Power Outage
- Biological/Radioactive Spills
- Crime Prevention Tips
- Bomb Threats/Suspicious Packages
- Medical Emergencies
- Fire
- Workplace Violence
- Chemical Spills/Chemical Fires
- Evacuation

All employees and students residing on campus are encouraged to become acquainted with the contents of this flip chart. It is to be posted in all departments, laboratories and residence halls/apartments for immediate reference.

Other measures in place to protect the campus include:

- Every college and division at Wayne State prepared a continuity of operations plan that pinpoints essential services, contingent decision makers, phone trees, location of vital records, and critical hardware and software.

- A detailed inventory of available emergency communication channels to target audiences, including when to deploy messages and what communication mode to use. The inventory identifies who is responsible for the content and activation of the communication vehicle.

- The development of message templates for the university’s Broadcast Message System (BMS) covering a broad array of crises, from weather-related closures to explosion to catastrophic illness.

- Beginning fall 2009, Wayne State began requiring students living in residential housing to devise personal preparedness plans, listing an evacuation location and emergency contact information.
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- Inclusion in the Michigan Public Safety Communication System, enabling WSUPD to communicate digitally with other federal, state and local law enforcement agencies. This ensures secure communications and maximum coordination among multiple jurisdictions.

- Purchase of advanced ballistic body armor and patrol rifles for Wayne State police to be used in the event of an active shooter situation.

**Missing Student Notification Policy**

In compliance with the Higher Education Opportunity Act, the university has established a Missing Students Notification Policy which describes the formal notification procedures which the university will follow when a student residing in on-campus housing has been reported missing for more than 24 hours. The WSU Missing Student Notification Policy is located at: [doso.wayne.edu/student-care-report.html](doso.wayne.edu/student-care-report.html).

All students will be given the opportunity, when they move into campus housing, to confidentially identify an individual to be contacted by the university in case a student is reported missing. This confidential contact is deemed non-directory information under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). Only authorized campus officials and law enforcement officers may have access to the confidential contact information in furtherance of the missing person investigation. If you reside on campus, please complete a Missing Student Confidential Contact Information form if you have not already done so. Forms can be obtained at the front desk of your residence hall or university-owned apartment.

**B. ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY REPORT**

WSU is committed to creating an environment that is safe from the effects of fire for its students, employees, researchers and guests. The purpose of this program is to establish an organizational structure to ensure the effective implementation of a comprehensive fire safety and fire prevention program.


The WSU Fire Safety Program sets fire safety standards, procedures, and practices to facilitate the university’s ability to conduct safe operations and to ensure regulatory compliance. The purpose of the program is to provide minimum standards to safeguard life, health, property and public welfare by controlling and monitoring the design, construction, occupancy use, quality of materials, and maintenance of all buildings and structures of the campus.

The Office of Risk Management (ORM) is responsible for the overall fire safety and fire prevention programs at WSU. It is responsible for promoting fire safety regulatory compliance with the State of Michigan, Bureau of Fire Services, Michigan Occupational Health & Safety Administration, and university insurance companies. The ORM will also serve as the custodian of all documents required by the program.

The ORM has the authority to shut down an operation, cause events to be discontinued, evacuate buildings, etc., when in its professional opinion a severe danger to life or injury may result if action is not taken. Any of these issues, as well as all fire safety violations and certificate of occupancy issues addressed by the State of Michigan Bureau of Fire Services and WSU ORM that are not corrected, may be forwarded to the vice president, finance and facilities management for review and adjudication.

**(1) Fire statistics for the last three years, 2013, 2012 and 2011 for each housing facility on campus**

The Clery Act defines a “fire” as “any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled matter.” Based upon that definition, WSU had one fire in 2013 at University Tower Apartment, which occurred on Feb. 19. WSU had one fire in 2012 at Ghafari Hall, which occurred on April 16. There were no fires in any on-campus housing facilities in 2011.

**(2) A description of each on-campus residence hall and apartment fire safety system.**

All WSU-owned facilities with a fire alarm, fire suppression, or fire detection system must, when activated send audible and visual signals to the WSUPD, who will respond to all fire trouble alarms and fire alarm incidents. Such systems must meet the requirements of the Michigan Fire Prevention Code and those fire safety rules adopted by the State of Michigan’s Fire Safety Board from the National Fire Protection Association codes and standards.

**University Towers Apartments:** Fully fire-sprinkled facility supported by a fire pump; Fire Department hose connections within stairwell landings; voice evacuation fire alarm system; smoke detection within all residential rooms. Building is classified as a “high-rise residential occupancy”.

**The Towers Residential Suites:** Fully fire-sprinkled facility supported by a fire pump; Fire Department hose connections within stairwell landings; voice evacuation fire alarm system; smoke detection within all residential rooms. Building is classified as a “high-rise residential occupancy”.

**DeRoy Apartments:** Storage areas of first floor are fire sprinkled; Fire Department hose connections within stairwell landings that are supported by a fire pump; voice evacuation fire alarm system; smoke detection within all residential rooms. Building is classified as a “high-rise residential occupancy”.

**Chatsworth Apartments:** Storage areas of basement and boiler room area are fire sprinkled; Fire Department hose connections within stairwell landings; fire alarm system; smoke detection within corridors. Building is classified as a “high-rise residential occupancy”.

**Ghafari Hall:** Fully fire-sprinkled facility supported by a fire pump; Fire Department hose connections within stairwell landings; voice evacuation fire alarm system; smoke detection within all
residential rooms. Building is classified as a “high-rise residential occupancy”.

Atchison Hall: Fully fire-sprinkled facility supported by a fire pump; Fire Department hose connections within stairwell landings; voice evacuation fire alarm system; smoke detection within all residential rooms. Building is classified as a “high-rise residential occupancy”.

In each instance where there has been a fire alarm run and it is determined to be a false alarm or a “careless cook” disposition (i.e., the burning of food with the resulting smoke setting off individual unit smoke detectors), the building engineers take responsibility for resetting the smoke detector and/or fire alarm in the individual unit and/or building.

It is the policy of WSU that no facility fire alarm system should be silenced or reset, except by the WSUPD, Facilities Planning Management’s Plant Operations & Maintenance personnel (electricians, building engineers) or the university Fire Safety Inspector.

(3) The number of fire drills held during the previous calendar year (2013) for each on-campus residence hall and apartment

University policy requires that all WSU owned residence halls shall have a minimum of eight fire drills during each school year. All residential apartment building shall have a minimum of one (1) fire drill during each school year. Each residence hall and apartment building shall keep a record of the fire drills. These drills shall be conducted for the purpose of preventing fires and related hazards, as well as preparing building occupants to exit such facilities during an emergency situation.

The Office of Housing and Residential Life (OHRL) is responsible for scheduling and documenting such drills within residence halls and apartments. Emergency Evacuation Drill notification should be made by OHRL to the ORM and the WSUPD. Records of all fire drills should be forwarded to the ORM Fire Safety Inspector.

The following evacuation drills were conducted during the 2012-13 academic year in the residence halls:

- 7 Atchison Hall
- 8 Ghashari Hall
- 9 The Towers Residential Suites

The following evacuation drills were conducted during the 2012-13 academic year in the residential apartments:

- 1 DeRoy Apartments
- 1 Chatsworth Apartments
- 1 University Tower Apartments

(4) The university’s rules on portable electrical appliances, smoking and open flames in a student housing facility

Portable Electrical Appliances: The following items are prohibited in Ghashari Hall, Atchison Hall and Towers Residential Suites: hot iron/curling iron, stoves, electrical appliances such as electric skillets/frying pans, woks, electric grills, George Forman-type grills, griddles, broilers, hot plates, hot pots, toasters, toaster ovens, Crock Pots, blenders and refrigerators in excess of five cubic feet.

The following additional portable electrical appliances are prohibited in all university housing buildings: No Boundaries multihed floor lamps, heat lamps, halogen lamps, space heaters, air conditioners, electric blankets and chest/ deep freezers.

Smoking: Smoking anything including tobacco (cigarettes, clove cigarettes, cigars, pipes, hookahs, etc.) in any university housing building is prohibited in all areas, including common areas such as stairwells, hallways, elevators, lounges, etc. as well as resident rooms/apartments. Fines will be assessed for the repair or replacement of any furniture, walls, ceilings, etc., damaged by smoking. Hookahs may be stored in rooms but not used there. Residents who wish to smoke outside must be 20 feet away from any exit/entrance of the residence hall or apartment building. (Community Living Guide for Residence Halls, p. 15; Community Living Guide for Apartments, p. 16).

There is NO smoking allowed in resident rooms in DeRoy Apartments on floors 12-15. Please also be reminded that there is NO smoking in the public areas of any apartment building on campus. This rule also applies to stairwells, activity rooms, laundry rooms and public restrooms. There are several signs posted throughout the buildings to remind you about smoking policies.

The no-smoking policy is strictly enforced. Anyone caught smoking in a public area will be referred through the student conduct process and may be removed from university housing. Each student is also responsible if his/her guest or visitor is caught smoking in public areas.

Open Flames: Candles, oil lamps, torches and other open-flame objects are strictly prohibited. Residents will be asked to remove these prohibited items. In the Chatsworth, DeRoy and University Tower Apartments, candles are prohibited in the apartments unless they are in a glass container with sides that are taller than the candle.

(5) Evacuation procedures for student housing in case of fire

The following Fire Evacuation Procedures apply to all on-campus residence halls and apartments:

A fire plan is posted on the back of each residence hall and apartment door. Please read this plan and become familiar with your evacuation route. For additional copies of the plan, please contact your community director.

All residents must immediately leave the facility when an alarm sounds. Treat all alarms as real emergencies. Familiarize yourself with the exits, sounds and procedures for evacuating a building. Get to know your exit routes before there is an emergency. If an alarm sounds, please do the following:

- Put on a coat and hard-soled shoes, quickly.
- Take a towel with you to prevent smoke inhalation.
- Close windows.
- Check your doorknob and door. If either is hot, do not open your door. If the door and doorknob are cool, exit cautiously and close your unlocked door. Take your keys and your OneCard with you.
- Walk quickly and leave the building via the nearest available exit in your area.
- Use the stairwells to evacuate (do not use elevators). Once in the stairwell, check to see that the door is closed and proceed down to the first level. Gather at the predetermined outside assembly area away from the residence hall or apartment.
- DO NOT re-enter the building until a staff member, WSU Police or the Fire
University Policies

Department tells you it is safe to do so.

Atchison Hall Evacuation Procedure – Residents and guests should proceed north to the outside assembly area, which is the Northwest side of Anthony Wayne Drive (adjacent to DeRoy Apartments).

Ghafari Hall Evacuation Procedure – Residents and guests should proceed north to the outside assembly area, which is Keast Commons (adjacent to the sand volleyball courts and DeRoy Apartments).

The Towers Residential Suites Evacuation Procedure – Residents and guests should proceed east to the outside assembly area, which is Gullen Mall (adjacent to the Student Center Building).

Chatsworth Tower Evacuation Procedure – Residents and guests should proceed west to the outside assembly area, which is the Northwest side of Anthony Wayne Drive (adjacent to the parking structure).

University Tower Evacuation Procedure – Residents and guests should proceed west to the outside assembly area, which is along Cass Avenue on the front side of the building.

(6) Fire evacuation procedure for the mobility impaired/disabled person

In the event of an emergency condition within a university facility, the following procedures with respect to mobility impaired/disabled persons must be followed:

- All mobility impaired/disabled residents are advised to remain in their room during any general fire alarm.
- A staff member will personally respond to mobility impaired/disabled residents to advise them of the situation.
- If it is a false alarm, the resident(s) will be notified of such.
- In case of a real emergency, emergency evacuation personnel will personally evacuate each mobility impaired/disabled person from their room/apartment.

Note: After the drop/add period for each academic semester, the OHRL produces a confidential list of all self-identified mobility impaired/disabled persons for each residential building and provides that list to the appropriate building staff and WSUPD so that, in the event of a fire, the building staff and WSUPD are aware of the identity and room location of each mobility impaired/disabled person needing evacuation assistance.

(7) Policies regarding fire safety education and training programs provided to the students and employees

At the beginning of each school year, the ORM conducts hands-on fire safety training with every community director and resident assistant in each of the university’s student housing facilities.

The following policies on safety education and training programs, as set forth in the Community Living Guide for Residence Halls and Apartments and the university’s Fire Safety Manual, are provided to the students and employees in on-campus housing:

Prohibited Items/Fire Hazards, Article 19, p. 14

Fire Evacuation Procedure, p. 22-23 [this is set forth in (5) above and describes the procedures that students and employees should follow in the case of a fire].

Fire Evacuation Procedure for the Mobility Impaired/Disabled Persons, p. 23

Fire Prevention, p. 23

Fire Safety Equipment/Smoke Detectors/Sprinkler System, p. 23

Student Preparedness Checklist, p. 25, instructs each student:

I know more than one way to get out of every building where I have classes. If one exit is blocked, I can get out of the building using a different exit. I am familiar with the fire exits to my residence and in the buildings in which I have classes.

The section on Emergency Preparedness, p. 25, provides a variety of resources to assist students/residents in planning for emergencies.

In addition to the foregoing, WSU has a Fire Safety Manual, which can be accessed by all students, faculty and staff at risk.wayne.edu. This manual contains helpful information on fire safety. It contains the following statement:

In order to maintain our safe work environment, all employees, as well as students, must accept the continuous responsibility for safety not only for themselves, but also for co-workers and visitors. This safety manual has been promulgated to assist in achieving this goal.

In addition, the following information is important for everyone to know:

Your worst enemy during a fire is smoke. If you are surrounded by smoke, get down on the floor and crawl to safety. Hold your breath and close your eyes if you can. Close doors behind you as you escape. Always use stairs to escape; never use an elevator.

Some simple fire safety tips:

- Learn the location of fire exits and fire alarm pull boxes. Sound the fire alarm if you see smoke or smell a burning odor.
- Have a prepared escape plan and know your escape route. Count the number of doors between your room and the fire exit door so you can find it even in heavy smoke.
- Remember to remain calm.
- Always use exit stairs; never use the elevator.
- Close doors behind you as you escape. In most cases, this will prevent smoke and fire from entering the room you are exiting.
- Do not re-enter an evacuated building until it has been declared safe.
- If you become trapped, seal off cracks around doors and vents with cloths or rugs. Soak them in water if possible.
- Turn off fans and air conditioners.
- Signal for help from a window. Call the Wayne State University Police at 313-577-2222.
- Never tamper with or disable any smoke detectors in any residence hall, apartment or office area anywhere on campus. Do not allow others to do the same.
- Residence hall and apartment residents should refer to the University Housing and Residential Life Community Living Guides for a list of items that are prohibited from the residence halls and
University Policies

apartments as potential fire hazards. The Fire Safety Manual also contains the following instructions regarding fire safety policies and procedures:

Building Occupant Responsibilities
When a fire alarm is sounded at any WSU-owned/leased facility, **everyone should immediately leave the building** in an orderly manner by means of the nearest exit. Under no circumstances are any personnel (excluding the WSUPD, Environmental Health & Safety and Detroit Fire Department) to remain in the building. Evacuation of the building should include:

- Close the office, classroom and lab door as you leave.
- Leave the building via the nearest available exit. Always know a secondary means of egress to use in the event your first choice is unattainable.
- Use the stairwells to evacuate (do not use elevators). Once in the stairwell, check to see that the door closed, and proceed down to the level of exit discharge.
- If the facility is of a high-rise occupancy (75 feet or seven stories above grade) evacuation procedures are announced by the fire alarm system as follows: evacuate fire floors; two floors above; one floor below.
- Do not re-enter any facility until advised by the WSUPD.
- Pre-determined facility occupants who are assigned responsibility for evacuation of a particular floor shall assist persons with specific requests into the area of refuge after all persons on that floor have evacuated.
- All persons who requested specific assistance that are above the level of exit discharge shall be placed in an “area of refuge” i.e., a fire-rated construction room, or enclosed emergency exit stairwell.
- Unless department/facility has special evacuation equipment, i.e. emergency evacuation wheelchair, the responsibility for removal of persons with specific requests rests with the WSUPD or the Detroit Fire Department.

(8) A list of the titles of each person or organization to which students and employees should report that a fire occurred

In the event of a fire, **call WSUPD at 313-577-2222**. Let them know the name of the building and room number of your location. **DO NOT CALL 911.** The WSUPD will call the Detroit Fire Department. In all instances where a fire has been reported, the WSUPD will automatically follow up with notifications to the ORM and to the OEHS (for Hazardous Materials or clean-up needs).

(9) Plans for future improvements in fire safety, if determined necessary by the institution.

WSU is continually striving to be proactive in its fire emergency planning and preparedness; its **Crisis Management Team** is continually striving for improvement, and the university will update fire safety and other emergency practices and procedures as needed.

(10) Fire Log

Pursuant to the requirements of the Higher Education Opportunity Act, the WSUPD maintains a written, easily understood fire log for each on-campus housing facility. The Fire Log records, by the date that the fire was reported, any fire that occurred in an on-campus student housing facility. This log also includes the nature, date, time, and general location of each fire.

It is the policy of the university to have the WSUPD make an entry or an addition to an entry to the Fire Log within two (2) business days of the receipt of the information.

The university, through the WSUPD, will make the Fire Log for the most recent 60-day period open for public inspection during normal business hours. The university will also, through the WSUPD, make any portion of the Fire Log older than 60 days available within two (2) business days of a request for public inspection.

WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY

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### Federal Trafficking Penalties for Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V (except Marijuana)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule</th>
<th>Substance/Quantity</th>
<th>Penalty</th>
<th>Substance/Quantity</th>
<th>Penalty</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Cocaine 500-4999 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not less than 5 yrs. and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Cocaine 5 kilograms or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Cocaine Base 28-279 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than $8 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Cocaine Base 280 grams or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 20 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than $20 million if an individual, $75 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV</td>
<td>Fentanyl 40-399 grams mixture</td>
<td>Fentanyl 400 grams or more mixture</td>
<td>Fentanyl Analogue 100 grams or more mixture</td>
<td>2 or More Prior Offenses: Life imprisonment. Fine of not more than $20 million if an individual, $75 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Fentanyl Analogue 10-99 grams mixture</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Heroin 100-999 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not less than 5 yrs. and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>Heroin 1 kilogram or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine of not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>LSD 1-9 grams mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than $8 million if an individual, $50 million if not an individual.</td>
<td>LSD 10 grams or more mixture</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 20 yrs. and not more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than $20 million if an individual, $75 million if not an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>Methamphetamine 5-49 grams pure or 50-499 grams mixture</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>PCP 10-99 grams pure or 100-999 grams mixture</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Substance/Quantity**

- Any Amount Of Other Schedule I & II Substances
- Any Drug Product Containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid
- Flunitrazepam (Schedule IV) 1 Gram
- Any Amount Of Other Schedule III Drugs
- Any Amount Of All Other Schedule IV Drugs (other than one gram or more of Flunitrazepam)
- Any Amount Of All Schedule V Drugs

**Penalty**

- **First Offense:** Not more that 20 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than Life. Fine $1 million if an individual, $5 million if not an individual.
- **Second Offense:** Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine $2 million if an individual, $10 million if not an individual.
- **First Offense:** Not more than 10 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not more that 15 yrs. Fine not more than $500,000 if an individual, $2.5 million if not an individual.
- **Second Offense:** Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not more than 30 yrs. Fine not more than $1 million if an individual, $5 million if not an individual.
- **First Offense:** Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than $250,000 if an individual, $1 million if not an individual.
- **Second Offense:** Not more than 10 yrs. Fine not more than $500,000 if an individual, $2 million if other than an individual.
- **First Offense:** Not more than 1 yr. Fine not more than $100,000 if an individual, $250,000 if not an individual.
- **Second Offense:** Not more than 4 yrs. Fine not more than $200,000 if an individual, $500,000 if not an individual.
### Federal Trafficking Penalties for Marijuana, Hashish and Hashish Oil, Schedule I Substances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>First Offense</th>
<th>Second Offense</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana 1,000 kilograms or more marijuana mixture or 1,000 or more marijuana plants</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs., or more than life. Fine not more than $10 million if an individual, $50 million if other than an individual.</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine not more than $20 million if an individual, $75 million if other than an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana 100 to 999 kilograms marijuana mixture or 100 to 999 marijuana plants</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not less than 5 yrs. or more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine not more than $5 million if an individual, $25 million if other than an individual.</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not less than 10 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine not more than $8 million if an individual, $50 million if other than an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marijuana 50 to 99 kilograms marijuana mixture, 50 to 99 marijuana plants</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine $1 million if an individual, $5 million if other than an individual.</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine $2 million if an individual, $10 million if other than an individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish More than 10 kilograms</td>
<td><strong>First Offense:</strong> Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than $250,000, $1 million if other than an individual.</td>
<td><strong>Second Offense:</strong> Not more than 10 yrs. Fine $500,000 if an individual, $2 million if other than individual.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish Oil More than 1 kilogram</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marijuana less than 50 kilograms marijuana (but does not include 50 or more marijuana plants regardless of weight)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 to 49 marijuana plants</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hashish 10 kilograms or less</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish Oil 1 kilogram or less</td>
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</tbody>
</table>